

SUFFRAGETTES DISPERSED BY ANGRY THROG

Forced to Beat Hasty Retreat
and Later House of Refuge
Is Stoned

OUTRAGES AROUSE BRITAIN

"No Peace for King or Queen,"
Slogan After Fresh Out-
break Today

London, June 8.—King George and Queen Mary had hardly taken their seats at the international horse show at Olympia this afternoon, when a young suffragette rose in the stalls opposite and screamed denunciations of the forcible feeding of suffragette prisoners. She was ejected by the police after a fierce struggle.

"No peace to King George or Queen Mary," is the latest order from the headquarters of the militant suffragettes.

Angry shouts were raised by the crowd as the suffragettes were ejected.

London, June 8.—Public anger over the suffragette outrages is expressed daily with more vehemence throughout Great Britain. Reports from the provinces show the suffragette meetings yesterday were generally broken up and the women threatened with violence.

At Ilford, near London, speakers were pelted with tomatoes and other missiles, an unsuccessful attempt being made by the crowd under the leadership of a woman to upset the wagon from which the suffragettes were speaking. The orators escaped into the residences of a local leader of militants and the crowd afterwards pelted the house with stones and broke every window in the place.

Men armed with rifles and accompanied by bull dogs have been placed on guard at a number of ancient structures in the country to prevent vandalism of the suffragettes.

A woman giving the name of Mrs. Wardenhouse, an American, appeared at the American embassy today and made noisy demands for a conference with Ambassador Page. She said she was among the deputation of suffragettes which was broken up while attempting to march to Buckingham palace on May 21.

Suffragettes for the first time Sunday invaded Catholic churches and created scenes by attempting to harangue the congregations. Worship was disturbed in both Westminster cathedral and the church of the Oratory, Brompton.

Mrs. May Fouston, an American arrested with several others in yesterday's disturbance at the Brompton Oratory, was arraigned today. She preferred two weeks in jail to a bond of fifty dollars guaranteeing her good behavior for six months, and announced the intention of beginning a "hunger strike."

Mr. Fouston her husband, was present in court and acquiesced in his wife's decision. He informed the magistrate he is a suffragist.

Father Bernard Vaughan had just taken his place in the pulpit in Westminster cathedral during the evening service when a woman rushed up the steps into another pulpit, and, waving her arms toward the altar, shrieked: "In the presence of the blessed sacrament I protest against the forcible feeding of women."

Murmurs of protest at the sacrilege brought forth the officer. Worshipers forcibly pulled her down the steps and led her to the door of the cathedral. There she was turned over to the police.

A band of militant suffragettes interrupted the midday mass in the Church of the Oratory by chanting: "God save Emmeline Pankhurst and all our noble prisoners; open the eyes of this church and of the priest to put an end to the torture; in the name of the blessed Joan of Arc hear them in their hour of need."

A scene of great disorder ensued. Struggling fiercely and shouting loudly, the suffragettes were forced by vergers and male parishioners down the aisle to the door and then into the street. Only two of the suffragettes were arrested.

NEW TONNAGE TAX PLAN.

Lansing, Mich., June 8.—The executive committee of the state senate in session here preparing a new tonnage tax bill which the members say will meet constitutional objections.

COUNSEL FOR THAW MAKE AN APPEAL TO THE SUPREME COURT.

Washington, June 8.—An application was filed in the supreme court by counsel for Harry Thaw for release on bail, pending the consideration by the court of the extradition case, by which New York is seeking to remove him from New Hampshire.

ROCKEFELLER'S ESTATE IS PUT UNDER GUARD

Fifteen Deputies in Pay of County Go on Duty

Tarrytown, N. Y., June 8.—To guard against the molestation of John D. Rockefeller, and his family, at Pocantico Hills, thought to be threatened through recent attempts at demonstration and discussion here in connection with the Colorado strike developments, fifteen deputies from the White Plains county jail were placed on the Rockefeller estate, after a conference between Mr. Rockefeller and Sheriff Doyle. These deputies will be paid by the county. The sheriff said that he regarded the situation at Pocantico hills as "acute."

The trustees of the village are said to have been impressed with the plea made before them in favor of free speech and will hold another meeting tonight to hear representatives of the Free Speech league. The league proposes that a public meeting be permitted on the streets of Tarrytown to explain to its citizens what the issues of free speech are. It guarantees the orderliness of the meeting.

COMPROMISE AMENDMENT TO THE TOLLS REPEAL BILL

Washington, June 8.—President Wilson is expected to accept the Senate amendment to the Panama tolls repeal bill, specifying the United States does not waive its rights to discriminate in favor of its own shipping, but he does not feel that the Senate gives its assent to the repeal in an "uncongenial manner" by attaching amendments.

The Senate judiciary committee has voted to begin work immediately on the "Clyton omnibus trust" bill passed last week by the House.

The proposed compromise amendment drawn by Senator Simmons for the administration forces and Senator Norris for Republican senators, will be offered when the bill comes to a vote in the senate. The compromise reads:

"That the passage of this act shall not be construed or held as a waiver or relinquishment of any right the United States may have under the treaty with Great Britain ratified November 18, 1901, or otherwise to exempt the vessel of the United States or its citizens from the payment of tolls for passage through said canal, or as in any way waiving, impairing or affecting any right of the United States under said treaty or otherwise with respect to sovereignty over the ownership, control and management of said canal and the regulation of the conditions of charges on traffic through the same."

A vote on the amendment and the bill may be reached late today. An effort may be made after the bill is disposed of to press a resolution to arbitrate the tolls exemption question with Great Britain.

MAY BURN NORDICA'S BODY.

George W. Young Sails to Await Arrival of Remains.

New York, June 8.—George W. Young is now on his way to Marseilles, where he will await the arrival of the body of his wife Mme. Lilian Nordica, who died in Batavia on May 17. It has not been decided where internment will be made.

Several times during her life Mme. Nordica expressed a desire that her body be cremated and that her ashes be placed in the grave of her mother, Mrs. Norton in London. Should this desire be carried out, funeral services will be held in King's chapel, London, where she and Mr. Young were married.

SON OF FORAKER ELOPES.

Bride "Could Not Bear Thought of Fuss of Wedding."

Washington, D. C., June 8.—Just because "she could not bear the thought of a big fuss and wedding," Miss Minnie Stone, one of the most popular belles of Washington and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Parker Stone, eloped to Baltimore with Arthur Foraker, son of former Senator and Mrs. Joseph B. Foraker, and they were married. Washington society was looking forward to a brilliant wedding the latter part of June.

FINE TRIBUTE FOR MARINES AND NAVY MEN

Rear Admiral Fletcher Makes Official Report of Taking of Vera Cruz

GREAT BRAVERY UNDER FIRE

Graphic Description of How Men and Ships Silenced Sniper's Attack

Washington, June 8.—Rear Admiral Fletcher's own story of the occupation of Vera Cruz is told in the first detailed report of the Navy's operations on the east coast of Mexico made public today by the Navy Department. The report tells of Admiral Fletcher's receipt of the historic cablegram early in the morning of April 21, ordering him to seize the Vera Cruz customs house; of the swift descent of marines and bluejackets from the American warships upon the port and the bloody fighting that occurred when they met their resistance from the Mexican federal soldiers and irregulars.

The Admiral refers particularly to the work of the cruisers Prairie, Chester and San Francisco which moored inside the breakwater, covered successive landings of marines and bluejackets.

Praise For His Men.

"Initiative and clear judgment was required on the part of the commanding officers," says the report, "and the results showed in a striking manner the efficiency of the ships under their commands." The three vessels were under charge of Commanders Moffett, Stickney and Harrison.

"The resourcefulness, courage and devotion to duty of all officers of the landing force was everything that could be desired and reflected the highest credit upon our naval service," he declared.

Numerous officers of the Navy and the marine corps who distinguished themselves for cool indifference to danger and skill in handling their men were named for special honor in Admiral Fletcher's report.

Admiral Fletcher after reciting the story of the receipt of orders to seize the custom-house and the preparations of the fleet gives the complete story of the operations of the landing force, of which the following is a partial resume:

"The method of procedure adopted was to land marines from the Prairie, Florida and Utah, and the seaman battalion from the Florida, a total force of 757 officers and men of whom 562 were marines, all under the command of Captain Williams R. Rush, U. S. Navy, captain of the Florida."

Immediately on landing, the marine regiment under Lieutenant Colonel Neville advanced upon Calle de Montesinos, seizing cable offices and detaching one company to seize the power plant north of the Terminal Station and to cover approaches from the westward along railroad tracks.

The head of the marine column had advanced to Avenida Brava when at 11:57 a. m. they were fired into from all directions. The Marines' Colt automatic guns went into action at independence, Cinco de Mayo, Cortes, Hidalgo, and Bravo, and cleared these streets immediately. The men took positions in front of warehouses, lining the north side of Montesinos and fired at the enemy who had occupied the house-tops, windows and towers on the opposite side of the street. The marine regiment was then ordered not to advance, but to hold original position.

"In the meantime the Florida seaman battalion under Lieutenant Wainwright had advanced and seized the custom-house and custom warehouse, postoffice, and railroad terminal. They were under steady fire from the enemy in houses on Benito Juarez and Morales streets, which was returned. The artillery section of the Florida went into action in front of the American consulate and shelled the enemy out of the old lighthouse tower on Benito Juarez street. When the first report of casualties was received the Solace was ordered from Tampico to Vera Cruz by radio.

Snipers Cause Worry.

"Sharpshooters in the Naval School Building" and the New Market had been firing steadily on Pier No. 4 where all of our boats were landing. Chief Boatwain McCloy in charge of three picket launches armed with one-pounder guns put out from Pier No. 4 and steamed full speed around the end of Fiscal Pier directly toward the Naval School Building. When within a few hundred yards, the launches opened fire simultaneously with one-pounders at the windows of the Naval Academy. They thus drew the fire of the Mexican forces along that section of the waterfront but located their positions for the Prairie who immediately opened fire with 3-inch battery over

Continued on 2nd Page, 6th Column.

WOMAN AERONAUT IS KILLED AT MARINETTE; FALLS 200 FEET.

Marinette, Wis., June 8.—Nettie St. Clair, aged 25, a professional aeronaut, was dashed to death in the presence of several thousand people yesterday at Lakeside. She lost hold on the parachute at an altitude of 800 feet and fell in shallow water, the impact causing death.

WESTINGHOUSE PLANT COMPLETELY CLOSED

Strike Leaders Believe This Is Critical Day of Struggle

Pittsburgh, June 8.—Hemmed in on every side by pickets, the great plant of the Westinghouse Electric Mfg. Co. was closed tight today. Those of the working forces who had not joined the Allegheny Congregational Industrial Union in its fight for changed working conditions, did not report this morning. The strikers gathered early for a parade and a mass meeting is set for 11 o'clock, while Miss Bridget Kenny, secretary of the union and real director of the strike, called the committee for a final conference.

This is pay day and is looked upon as a critical period. The strike committee believed that if the foreign element in the ranks did not return to work when paid this afternoon, there is no reason to believe they would suffer from desertions.

RAPP WROTE ENDEARING LETTER TO BLOND WOMAN

Chicago, Ill., June 8.—More impassioned letters addressed to Mrs. Catherine Dean and alleged to have been written by William Rapp, Jr., who is being sued for divorce by Madame Schumann-Heink, the noted contralto, were read in court today.

In a letter dated August 1st, 1913, Mrs. Dean is addressed as "My darling, wonderful girl." The letter went on, "Without you it is awful. Just now, when I required that quick wit of yours the most I must forget it. That is honest, Girlie, and you know that my unbounded admiration for your ability is true. You are the only little woman who can keep me straight and true."

GREATEST FLEET IN HISTORY

Eleven Nations to Be Represented in Panama Exposition Pageant.

San Francisco, June 8.—That the fleet of warships that will assemble at Hampton Roads early in the year 1915 and steam through the Panama Canal headed by the historic Oregon, with President Wilson on board, will be the largest ever assembled is made certain by the first report of the United States Navy Department. The officials of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition have been notified by the Navy Department that eleven foreign nations have accepted the invitation to send ships. The list now includes Austria, Russia, Japan, Germany, France, Italy, Argentina Republic, Greece, Spain, England and Portugal.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt, said on a recent visit to San Francisco that the United States Navy would have more than 55 warships in line. "The great war fleet will be an unprecedented feature during the time of the exposition."

ANOTHER BERNHARDT FAREWELL

Famous Actress To Visit U. S. Again in the Fall.

New York, June 8.—Madame Sarah Bernhardt, at the age of 79, will sail for this city on Oct. 19 to begin a professional tour of the world, during which she will visit five continents. The tour will extend over a period of twenty-six months, and fifteen weeks of the time will be spent in the United States.

Word of Madame Bernhardt's decision was received by cable yesterday. The tour, it is stated, will close her career on the stage.

Madame Bernhardt has made several farewell tours. On the last one to this country, which ended in May, 1913, the theatrical profession in America raised money for a gold wreath which was later presented to her in Paris.

M. N. G. TO HAVE MOVIES.

Arrangements Made For This Entertainment at Grayling Camp.

Lansing, Mich., June 8.—One unique feature of the militia camp at Grayling this August is to be the introduction of moving pictures as a medium to keep the boys contented in the evening.

A big mess house is being erected on one of the prominent knolls to the south of the lake. From this point an excellent view of the entire camp can be had. Here is to be located a "canteen" although it will not be a canteen in the regular army sense.

The artillery will also hold target practice on the grounds for the first time in years.

GREAT FUTURE IN STORE FOR IRON RIVER DISTRICT

Thirteen Independent Companies Have Opened or Are Developing 27 Mines There

492 HOUSES BUILT IN 1913

Many Improvements Planned—Visit of Copper Country Business Men Much Enjoyed

Iron River is a rapidly growing district. New homes for workmen are going up on every hand, yet the number of houses is inadequate. Many workmen are unable to secure suitable accommodations for their families, but as fast as possible this situation is being remedied. A half million dollars were spent on new homes last year, 492 having been erected. Ninety per cent of them are occupied by the owners.

A great future is in store for the Iron River district. It has a world low grade non-ferrous ores. Surrounding the villages of Iron River and Stambaugh, which adjoin each other and are practically one community, twenty-seven mines have been opened up. Some of these are still in the development stage and do not as yet employ large forces. The time is coming, within a few years, when it is safe to say that double the number of men will be employed.

A factor in the development of the district which is found in few mining regions is the number of companies interested. Thirteen independent corporations are actively engaged in mining or opening up new properties. Some of the mines closely adjoin each other, but no trouble has ever been experienced in defining the ore boundaries. A number of Iron River and Stambaugh residents who took out homesteads in the days before the explorer came are now drawing fat royalties from mining companies which are raising ore from these lands.

Alive to Possibilities.

Iron River and Stambaugh citizens are alive to the great possibilities of their district as the Copper Country Commercial club excursionists discovered on their excursion to those bustling towns on Saturday. There is an air of prosperity and progress which reflect the optimism and energy of the business men. And then there are other notable things about the towns which impress the stranger. No better roads or schools can be found anywhere in the country; the stores are well stocked and modern; beautiful homes and lawns abound; the three banks have total deposits of over one million dollars and resources of \$1,121,198; the total value of property insured is \$4,000,000 and insurance in force, \$2,700,000.

From Iron River and Stambaugh have a live commercial club is evidenced by the fact that important improvements are being worked out. It is a live wire organization and through its influence plans have been approved or will shortly be approved involving the expenditure of many thousands of dollars.

Taking advantage of the supply of labor the excellent county road system will be extended to the Gogebic county line where it will join the Gogebic county road making a splendid thoroughfare to Ironwood through the most beautiful lake region in the northwest.

The Iron River Stambaugh-Palaska-Crystal Falls Railway company has commenced work on a street railway system, the first unit of which will be in operation in the early summer, which will, when completed, connect the various locations and bring all parts of the district into closer touch with each other.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railway, besides recent expenditures of over \$100,000 in improving their track facilities for handling ore, are building a \$20,000 station.

The Chicago, Milwaukee St. Paul Railway, which recently built into the district, has graded a yard for ore cars containing seven miles of track south of the Rogers Mine. They are building a new station at Stambaugh and a \$20,000 station at Iron River.

An Enjoyable Visit.

Iron River and Stambaugh people provided a splendid program of entertainment for the copper country excursionists Saturday. They exhibited rare hospitality and their arrangements were perfect. Only a few hours were spent in the district, but the business men in charge of piloting the visitors about made every minute count. Immediately on the arrival of the copper country special, which was late in getting into Iron River because of the heavy train of seven coaches, the copper country contingent were assigned to fifty-seven automobiles which took them on a round of the various mines. A pleasing feature of

POSTPONE DISASTER PROBE.

Local Inquests Into Empress Sinking of Little Value.

Quebec, June 8.—The inquest at Rimouski into the Empress of Ireland disaster, has been postponed, in view of the investigation into the accident which Lord Mersey and the Canadian commission will begin in ten days.

Official figures regarding first-class passengers on the Empress now show 36 saved, 27 bodies identified, 23 missing and 1 identification doubtful, a total of 87. Of the 717 passengers from the third cabin, 140 were rescued. The crew numbered 415. Of these 241 were saved and 174 lost.

Continued on 6th Page, 3rd Column.

JUDGE FOUND GUILTY OF SLANDER; ORDERED TO PAY \$2 DAMAGES.

Springfield, Ill., June 8.—County Judge Hillskotter of Madison county, Ill., was today ordered by a jury to pay one dollar to Mrs. Emma Mackinnaw, who sued the judge for slander. Hillskotter must also pay the costs of the suit amounting to about \$500.

PAYS INFORMAL VISIT TO PALACE OF KING GEORGE

Drunken Man Scales Wall and Wanders Around at Pleasure

London, June 8.—Harry Pike, who yesterday invaded Buckingham palace, is not a suffragette agent, according to the attorney for the prosecution who appeared against him in police court today. The man, who clamored over the ten-foot spiked wall which surrounds the palace and eluded the sentinels, police guards and servants, did so while under the influence of liquor and without any ulterior object, said the lawyer.

After overcoming these obstacles and evading the watchers, Pike strolled about for a long time in the interior of the palace, which he explored from the basement to the sixth floor. It was only when he entered an occupied room that he was discovered and arrested. He had changed his clothing in one of the chambers for a suit of a servant, as he had torn and soiled his own clothing in climbing the wall and crawling across the grounds.

The magistrate remanded the prisoner for a week for further inquiry. In a written statement Pike detailed his adventures in the palace. He mentioned that his wife is in America and that he had been drinking ever since she left England. He is an automobile mechanic.

EUROPE NOW STRIVING TO PREVENT WASTE OF DAYLIGHT

Paris, June 8.—An account of the campaign to save daylight, and the interest which other countries are taking in this subject, was presented in reports to the International Congress of Chambers of Commerce here today.

William Willett of London reported a long list of organizations in England which have passed resolutions in favor of the bill for daylight saving. "That so many as 154 hours of daylight are, to all intents and purposes, wasted every year is a defect in our civilization," he asserted. "Standard time is so fixed that for nearly half the year the sun shines for several hours each day while we are asleep and it is rapidly nearing the horizon when we reach home after our work is over."

"By a simple expedient this may be overcome. If we will reduce the length of one Sunday in the spring by sixty minutes, of which no one would be conscious, we shall have 60 minutes more daylight after 6 o'clock on each succeeding day until autumn."

Dr. von Böttger, a member of the Prussian House of Lords, added a report on the subject, declaring that the daylight saving idea was regarded with great favor throughout Europe. Many German Chambers of Commerce were working in behalf of the reform.

TAFT TALKS TO RAPPITES.

New Harmony, Ind., Shows Relics to Community Life Plan.

New Harmony, Ind., June 8.—The dawn of Owen day found this little city crowded with visitors and participants in the Rappite observance, the climax to the centennial celebration of the founding of New Harmony. A fitting tribute was paid to Robert Owen, who originated the most discussed experiment in the history of Socialism.

Ex-President Taft discussed the Rappite life and Owen's experiment and pointed out the significance of the colony. Among the historical relics there are a few in the town of Economy, Penn., where the Rappites made their last stand for community life of them a speaking triumph used by Rappi, in addressing his followers. The celebration will close Saturday.

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Continued on 6th Page, 3rd Column.

HUERTA BACKS DOWN; RECALLS BLOCKADE PLAN

His Position Influenced by Action of Mediators Officials Declares

LATEST CRISIS PASSED OVER

Preparedness of American Fleet to Meet Situation Is Indicated

Washington, June 6.—President Huerta has decided not to blockade Tampico and force the hand of the United States, with possibility of disrupting the mediation proceedings at Niagara Falls, Riano, the Spanish ambassador, notified Bryan officially to that effect today.

Thus the latest crisis in the Mexican situation fraught with possibilities of renewed hostilities between Huerta and the United States, is safely passed over.

What actuated Huerta in backing down does not appear in the brief advice that have reached Washington. There are broad intimations, however, that the influence which caused Huerta to rescind his order, had gone to Mexico City from Niagara Falls, where it is said the mediators and Mexican delegates are urging him in strongest terms to withdraw from his position and let mediation proceed.

One thing, however, is plain. President Wilson was determined that Tampico should be kept open to the commerce of the world and the American ships under Admiral Mayo were in evident readiness to enforce it.

Whether the war-cargo of the steamer Antilla, flying the Cuban flag and steaming for Tampico would have been considered as commerce, had the situation come to a break, officials here declined to say.

Huerta's dispatch announcing the suspension of the blockade was received at the Spanish embassy early today and communicated to Bryan at his home. The dispatch stated orders had been given the Mexican gunboat to return to Puerto, Mexico.

In official circles here, the rescinding of the Tampico blockade order is regarded as an indication that Carranza will be received into the Niagara conference. Carranza's answer to the mediators is generally expected to be forwarded from Saltillo tomorrow.

Huerta, it has been learned, suggested to the Niagara mediators the necessity of steps on their part to prevent the landing of the Antilla's cargo.

Mediation Proceeds.

Niagara Falls, June 8.—Mediation passed safely today over the shoals of threatened disruption. Huerta came to the rescue by rescinding an order he had issued for the blockade of Tampico, a circumstance that had produced the gravest apprehension since the conference began.

"The blockade incident has been satisfactorily adjusted," announced Justice Lamar. Lamar said he was informed as to the reasons which actuated Huerta.

The mediators said they had taken no action with reference to the movements of the Cuban ship Antilla, carrying arms for the Constitutionalists at Tampico, the incident which brought up the question of a blockade.

It is rumored the Spanish ambassador at Washington, who is caring for Mexico's interests, has made an arrangement whereby the Antilla voluntarily will withhold its cargo of arms from the Constitutionalists. This could not be confirmed.

The blockade incident is regarded by the conference as a past issue. It became known that the American government is exerting pressure to pave the way for a Constitutionalists representation at the conference.

Huerta's Position.

Mexico City, June 8.—The step was taken upon the government's learning the mediators at Niagara Falls were taking some action in regard to the movements of the steamer Antilla, carrying a war cargo for the rebels and also to prevent the setting back of peace negotiations. It is officially stated the government, in ordering the blockade of Tampico, had no intention of interfering with commercial traffic, but only to prevent the constitutionalists from receiving arms and ammunition.

PRIMARY SCHOOL MONEY.

State Apportionment This Year To Be \$7.25 Per Capita.

Lansing, Mich., June 8.—Based on the school census which has just been finished under the direction of the superintendent of public instruction, the primary school apportionment for the coming year will be practically \$7.25 per capita.

Last year it was \$7.41. The total school population of the state is 860,389. The population in Detroit is 130,564 and in Grand Rapids 30,352.